Course Title: Jazz **Board Approval Date:** 4/15/13 **Credit / Hours:** 0.5credit

Course Description:

This course focuses on mastery of the PA Academic Standards for Arts and Humanities as well as the National Standards for Music Education. The course is an overview of the main periods in Jazz History. Students will get a basis of the beginnings of Jazz, an understanding of the evolution of Jazz as well as spending time listening to standard repertoire of Jazz. Basic jazz terms will be covered. Students will spend time critiquing and analyzing famous Jazz performers and performances. A general understanding of music is needed.

Learning Activities / Modes of Assessment:

Large group instruction One on One work Small group work Cooperative learning Tests and Quizzes Checklists / Teacher Observation Projects with Rubrics Student writings

Instructional Resources:

A Study of Jazz by Tanner and Gerow Various handouts provided by the teacher. Public Domain Library You Tube Jazz from Lincoln Center worksheets (free online database)

Course: Jazz		
Course Unit (Topic)	Length of Instruction (Days/Periods)	
1. Blues	15 days	
2. Ragtime	12 days	
3. Swing/Big Band	15 days	
4. Bebop	10 days	
5. Fusion	12 days	
6. Modern/Cool Jazz	<u>15 days</u>	
DAYS TOTAL	79 Days	

Topic: 1. Blues

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
 9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts. 9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to 		 9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present). 9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.
historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).		9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)
9.2.12.C – Compact Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming		9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post- Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).		 9.1.12.A – Essential Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities. Elements
9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.		Dance: energy/force, space, time Music: duration, intensity, pitch, timbre Theatre: scenario, script/text, set design Visual Arts: color, form/shape, line, space, texture, value
9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		 Principles Dance: choreography, form, genre, improvisation, style, technique Music: composition, form, genre, harmony, rhythm, texture Theatre: balance, collaboration, discipline, emphasis, focus, intention, movement, rhythm, style, voice Visual Arts: balance, contrast,
9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and		emphasis/focal point, movement/ rhythm, proportion/scale, repetition, unity/harmony
humanities.		9.1.12.C – Essential Integrate and apply advanced vocabulary to the arts forms.
		9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were

Topic: 1. Blues

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	_Do:
9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: • Africa • Asia • Australia • Central America • Europe • North America • South America		created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music). 9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		

Curriculum: CCSD CURRICULUM				
Course: Jazz (04/15/13)				

Topic: 1. Blues

Subject(s):

9.1.12.A – Essential	
Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities.	
 Elements Dance: energy/ force, space, time Music: duration, intensity, pitch, timbre Theatre: scenario, script/text, set design Visual Arts: color, form/ shape, line, space, texture, value Principles Dance: choreography, form, genre, improvisation, style, technique Music: composition, form, genre, harmony, rhythm, texture 	

PENNSYLVANIA Date: February 28, 2013 ET

Know:		Understand:	Do:
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Curriculum: CCSD CURRICULUM Course: Jazz (04/15/13)

Topic: 1. Blues Subject(s):

Subject(s):

NOW:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.		9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).
9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts		9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.
chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).		9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)
9.2.12.C – Compact Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming		 9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
Classical, Modern, Post- Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).	enaissance, Jodern, Post- ontemporary,	9.4.12.D – Unranked Analyze and interpret a philosophical position identified in works in the arts and humanities.
9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.		 9.1.12.A – Essential Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities. Elements
9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		 Dance: energy/force, space, time Music: duration, intensity, pitch, timbre Theatre: scenario, script/text, set design Visual Arts: color, form/shape, line, space, texture, value Principles Dance: choreography, form, genre, improvisation, style, technique
Sullivan operettas) 9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.		Music: composition, form, genre, harmony, rhythm, texture Theatre: balance, collaboration, discipline, emphasis, focus, intention, movement, rhythm, style, voice Visual Arts: balance, contrast, emphasis/focal point, movement/ rhythm, proportion/scale, repetition, unity/harmony

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
 9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: Africa Asia Australia Central America Europe North America South America 		 9.1.12.B – Important Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts. Dance: move, perform, read and notate dance, create and choreograph, improvise Music: sing, play an instrument, read and notate music, compose and arrange, improvise Theatre: stage productions, read and write scripts, improvise, interpret a role, design sets, direct Visual Arts: paint, draw, craft, sculpt, print, design for onvironment.
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		 design for environment, communication, multimedia 9.1.12.C – Essential Integrate and apply advanced vocabulary to the arts forms.
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		 9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		 (e.g., PLATS BT Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music). 9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).

Curriculum: CCSD CURRICULUM			
Course: Jazz (04/15/13)			

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.1.12.A – Essential		
Know and use the elements and principles of		
each art form to create		
works in the arts and		
humanities.		
Elements		
Dance:		
energy/		
force,		
space, time Music:		
duration,		
intensity,		
pitch,		
timbre Theatre:		
scenario,		
script/text,		
set design		
Visual Arts:		
color,		
form/		
shape, line,		
space, texture,		
value		
Principles		
Dance:		
choreography, form,		
genre,		
improvisation,		
style,		
technique Music:		
composition,		
form,		
genre,		
harmony,		
rhythm, texture		
toxtaro		

PENNSYLVANIA Date: February 28, 2013 ET

Days: 12 Grade(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
Theatre: balance, collaboration, discipline, emphasis, focus, intention, movement, rhythm, style, voice Visual Arts: balance, contrast, emphasis/ focal point, movement/ rhythm, proportion/ scale, repetition, unity/ harmony		

Topic: 2. Ragtime Subject(s):

Subject(s):

Know:	_Understand:	Do:
 9.1.12.B – Important Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts. Dance: move, perform, read and notate dance, create and choreograph, improvise Music: sing, play an instrument, read and notate music, compose and arrange, improvise Theatre: stage productions, read and write scripts, improvise, interpret a role, design sets, direct Visual Arts: paint, draw, craft, sculpt, print, design for environment, communication, multi-media 		
9.1.12.C – Essential Integrate and apply advanced vocabulary to the arts forms.		

Topic: 3. Swing/Big Band

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.		 9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present). 9.2.12.D – Essential
9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).		Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective. 9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts
9.2.12.C – Compact Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze		(e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas) 9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and		 9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music). 9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).
cultural perspective. 9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		
9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.		

Topic: 3. Swing/Big Band

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	_Do:
9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: • Africa • Asia • Australia • Central America • Europe • North America • South America		
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		

Topic: 4. Bebop

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	_Do:
9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.		9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).
9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g.,		 9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective. 9.2.12.E – Important
10,000 B.C. to present). 9.2.12.C – Compact		Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)
Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze		9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).		 9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical ar cultural differences as they relate to works in the ar (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music). 9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the art (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).
9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.		
9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		
9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.		

Topic: 4. Bebop

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	_Do:
 9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: Africa Asia Australia Central America Europe North America South America 		
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		

Topic: 5. Fusion

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.		 9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present). 9.2.12.D – Essential
9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).		 9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective. 9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts
9.2.12.C – Compact Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze		(e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas) 9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).		 9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying style and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical a cultural differences as they relate to works in the a (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).
9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.		
9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).
9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.		

Topic: 5. Fusion

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: Africa Asia Australia Central America Europe North America South America		
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		

Topic: 6. Modern/Cool Jazz Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.A – Important Explain the historical, cultural and social context of an individual work in the arts.		 9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present). 9.2.12.D – Essential
9.2.12.B – Important Relate works in the arts chronologically to historical events (e.g., 10,000 B.C. to present).		Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective. 9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts
9.2.12.C – Compact Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were		 (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas) 9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.
created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty, Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others).		9.2.12.C - Relate works in the arts to varying styles and genre and to the periods in which they were created (e.g., Bronze Age, Ming Dynasty,
9.2.12.D – Essential Analyze a work of art from its historical and cultural perspective.		 Renaissance, Classical, Modern, Post-Modern, Contemporary, Futuristic, others). 9.2.12.J - Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).
9.2.12.E – Important Analyze how historical events and culture impact forms, techniques and purposes of works in the arts (e.g., Gilbert and Sullivan operettas)		9.2.12.L - Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the ai (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).
9.2.12.F – Important Know and apply appropriate vocabulary used between social studies and the arts and humanities.		

Topic: 6. Modern/Cool Jazz

Subject(s):

Know:	Understand:	Do:
9.2.12.G – Essential Relate works in the arts to geographic regions: • Africa • Asia • Australia • Central America • Europe • North America • South America		
9.2.12.J – Compact Identify, explain and analyze historical and cultural differences as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., PLAYS BY Shakespeare, works by Michelangelo, ethnic dance and music).		
9.2.12.K – Compact Identify, explain and analyze traditions as they relate to works in the arts (e.g., story telling - plays, oral histories- poetry, work songs- blue grass).		
9.2.12.L – Important Identify, explain and analyze common themes, forms and techniques from works in the arts (e.g., Copland and Graham's Appalachian Spring and Millet's The Gleaners).		